**SHELDONIAN THEATRE**

Designed by Sir Christopher Wren and built in 1668, it is one of the architectural jewels of Oxford. Note the chain of stone-carved masks that enclose and protect this magnificent building.

**MARTYRS’ CROSS**

Look down to see the site where the Oxford Martyrs — Anglican bishops Hugh Latimer, Nicholas Ridley, and Thomas Cranmer — were burnt at the stake for heresy in 1555.

**BOGDANIAN LIBRARY**

Opened in 1602 and now housing upwards of 11 million volumes over 117 miles of shelving. But books cannot be lent — even King Charles I was refused permission in 1648.

**RACONETT CAMERA**

Set in 1768 to house the Radcliffe Science Library and now a reading room for the Bodleian Library, Oxford’s most impressive piece of classical architecture.

**CHRIST CHURCH**

Originally founded by Cardinal Wolsey as Cardinal’s College in 1524. Traditionally, it has been considered the most aristocratic college at the University of Oxford.